Profiling: a better way to apprehend the globalisation

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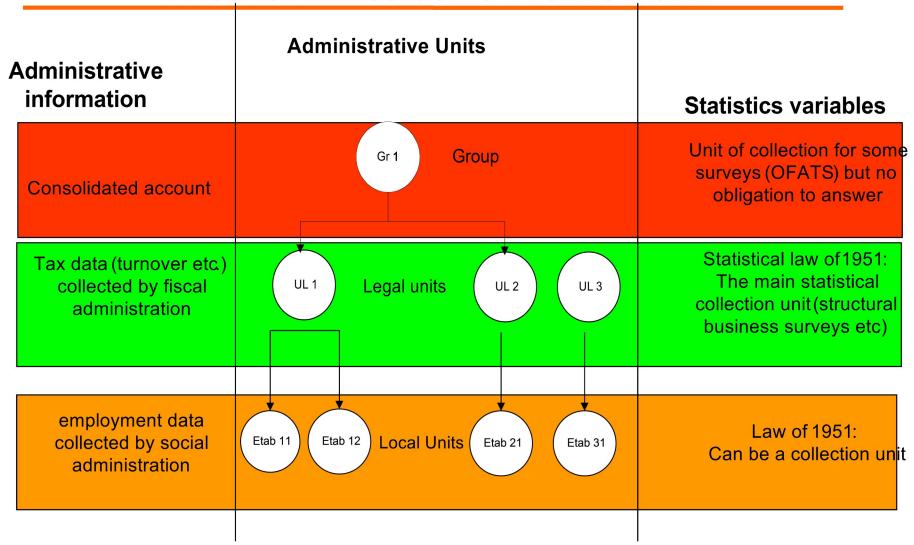


Outlines of the presentation

- 1) What are we talking about?
- 2) The French Business Register Network
- 3) The French Profiling Process of Large cases
- 4) The new data in the French SBR to enables new trade statistics
- 5) The new vision of the French exportation statistics
- 6) The European solution
- 7) Conclusion



What are we talking about (1/3)? The Administrative Framework

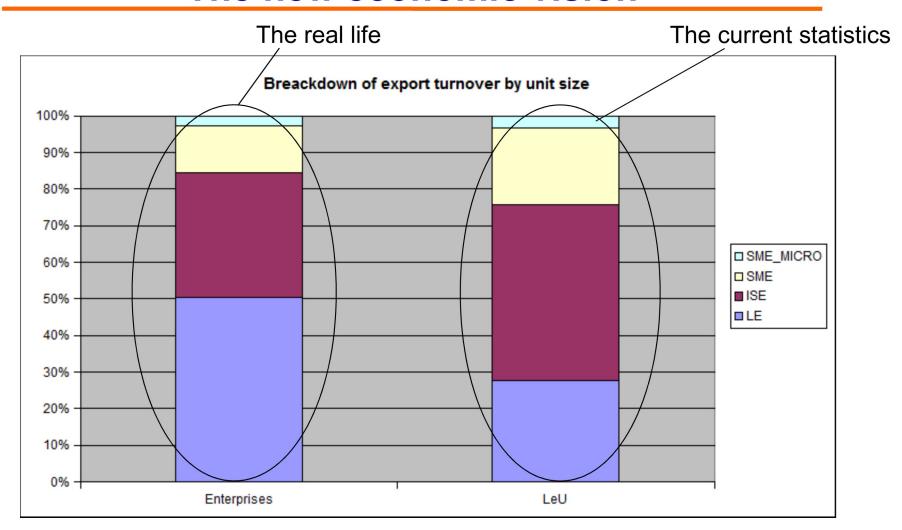




What are we talking about (2/3)? The Enterprise definition

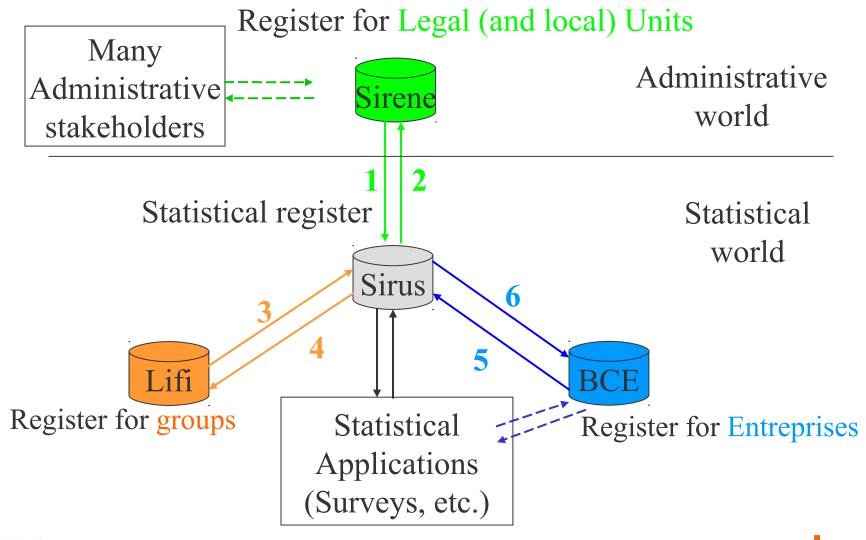
An Enterprise is defined as the smallest combination of legal units that is an organizational unit producing goods or services, which benefits from a certain degree of autonomy in decision-making

What are we talking about (3/3)? The new economic vision



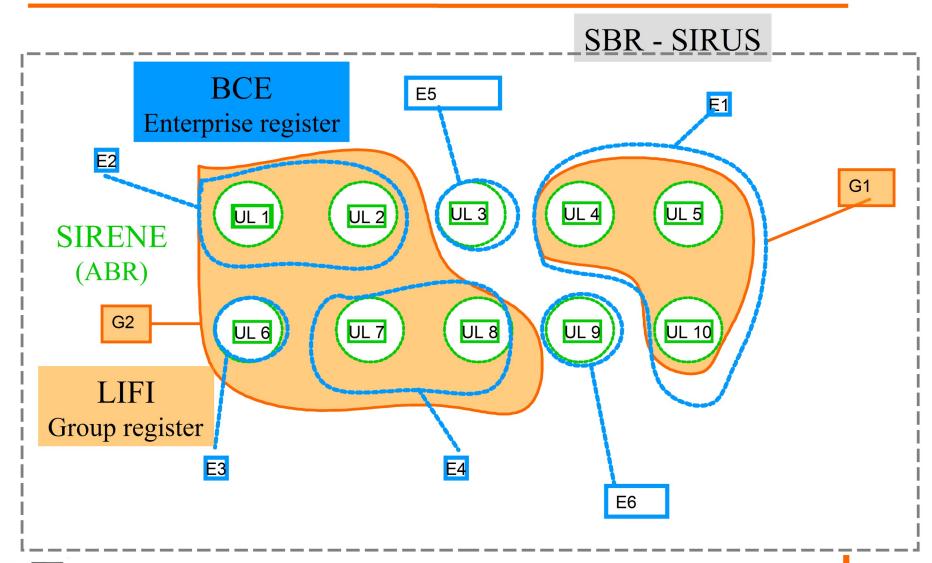


The French Business Register Network (1/2): The different registers and their links





The French Business Register Network (2/2): The different registers and their units





The French profiling process of Large cases (1/3) A dedicated division at INSEE

> French profiling of Global Enterprise Group (GEG) located in France is carried out by a specific division at Insee

- under the Business Statistics Directorate
- under the department responsible for
 - . business registers,
 - . structural business statistics (required by the SBS regulation, the national accounts and the sector classification of the business units).

> This division « Profilage et traitement des grandes unités » (PTGU) was set up in 2008

implementing the economic definition of the Enterprise from national law in 2008
 Based on the 1993 European Regulation :

"The Smallest combination of legal units that is an organizational unit producing goods or services, which benefits from a certain degree of autonomy in decision-making, especially for the allocation of its current resources."

PTGU gathers

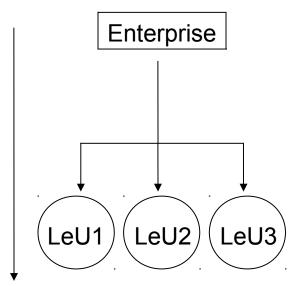
- 7 profilers dedicated to manual profiling of the LCUs (and involved in European profiling): statistical, accounting and financial skills, partly from the private sector,
- 2 statisticians dedicated for 2 years to a consolidation algorithm development to deal with other groups (above 100 000, excluding agriculture and financial sector).



The French profiling process of Large cases (2/3)

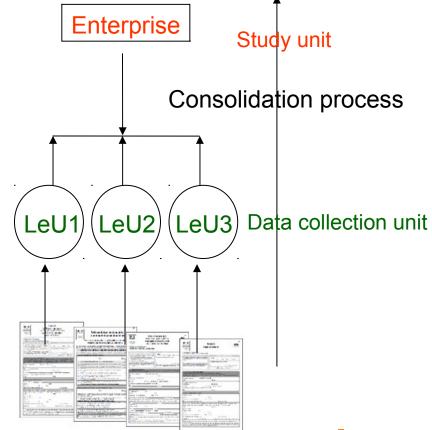
Profiling all the groups located in France at INSEE means:

1. A top down approach for the delineation



2. A bottom up approach to obtain the data

- 3. Updating each of these elements each year.
- 4. Derivation of the French SBS indicators:
 - achieved since 2014 reference year for the Large Cases (manually profiled);
- ongoing for the other (automatically consolidated) groups, by 2019 (2017 reference year).



Profiling: a better way to

Insee

The French profiling process of Large cases (3/3) The scope and methods

Groups are profiled using different methods according to their size and complexity:

- The LCUs (target 1)
 - The largest groups located in France are **profiled by face to face**, by PTGU division.
 - The profilers meet groups on a yearly basis (contacts : mostly the head of consolidated accounts).
 - 51 groups for 2016 exercise = 12 % of the full time equivalent employees, 16 % of the added value for non-farm and non-financial business sector.
 - This category of large groups is progressively extended.
- Small or medium groups (target 2)
 - more than 100 000 small or medium-sized groups (< 250 employees).
 - These groups will be profiled by algorithm;
 - assumption that each group = a single enterprise.

58 % of the full time equiv. employees, 56 % of the

added value

- Groups between these two size classes (target 3)
 - The groups between these two classes (about 5 000), will be profiled later according to methods mixing desk profiling and surveys. In a first time, will be profiled in the same way that the small/medium groups of target 2.

The remaining units are independent LEUs: 30 % of the full time equiv. employees of the economy, 28 % of the added value.

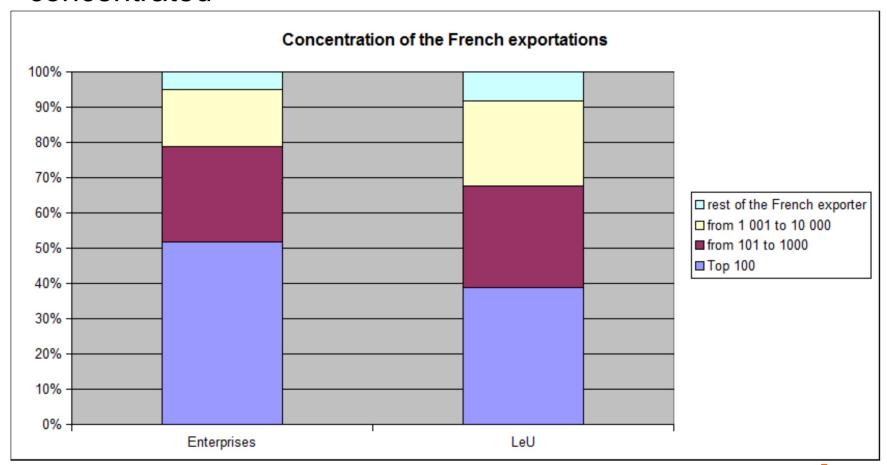


New data in the French SBR SIRUS

- SIRUS contains new units:
 - > The enterprise units (in plus of legal units)
- SIRUS contains new variables:
 - ➤ The categorie of the enterprises: SME-Micro, SME, ISE, LE
 - ➤ The types of the enterprise group: GET-MNE, GFR-MEN, GFR-FRA, IND-FRA
- => enables to calculate new trade statistics

New vision of the French exportation statistics

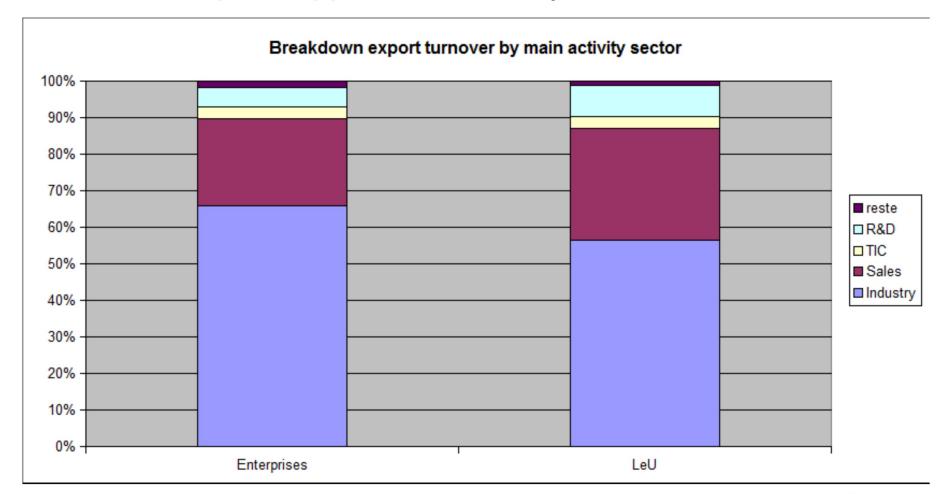
In the enterprise approach : the exportations are more concentrated





New vision of the French exportation statistics

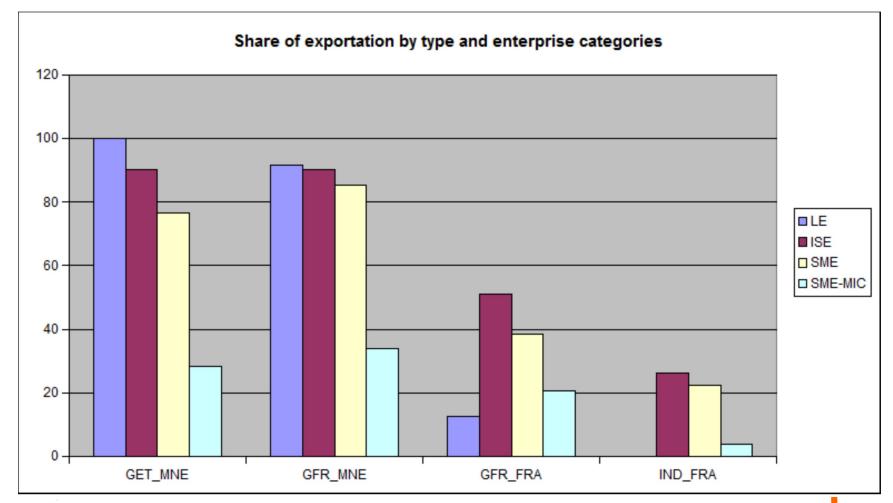
➤ In the enterprise approach : industry is more consistent





New vision of the French exportations statistics

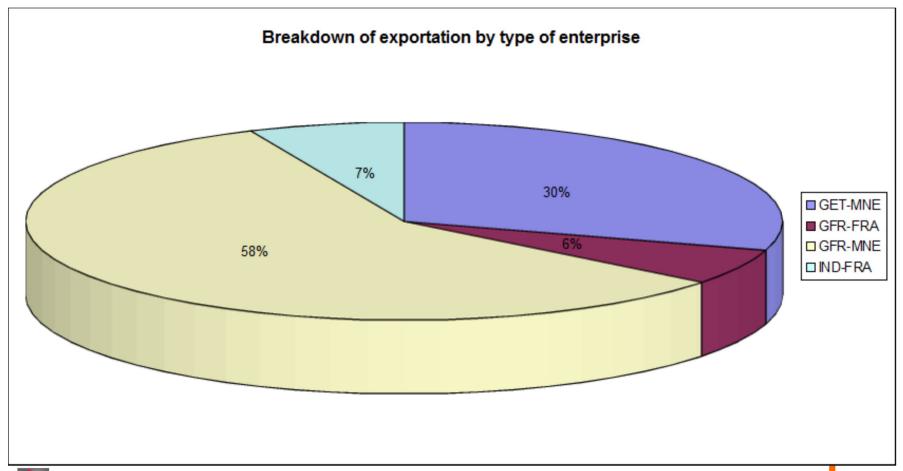
The main factor for exportation: to be a multinational enterprise





New vision of the French exportations statistics

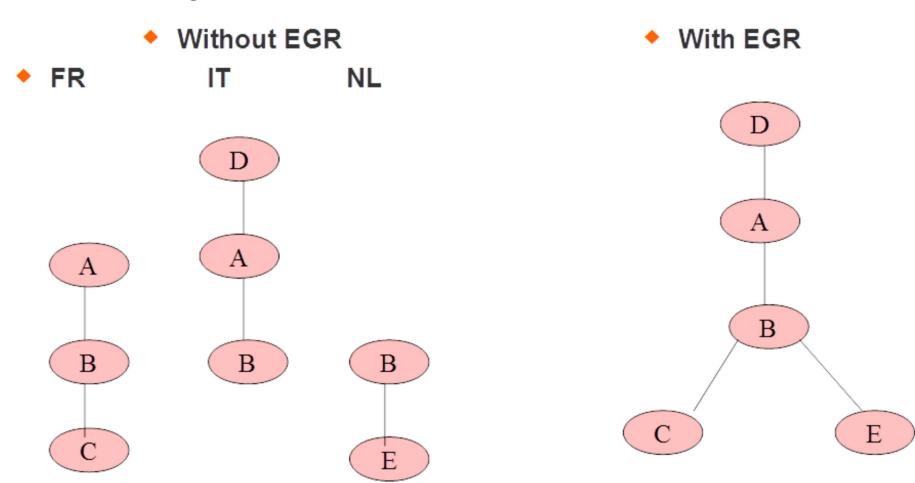
➤ The French multinational enterprises export more than the Foreign multinational enterprises implanted in France





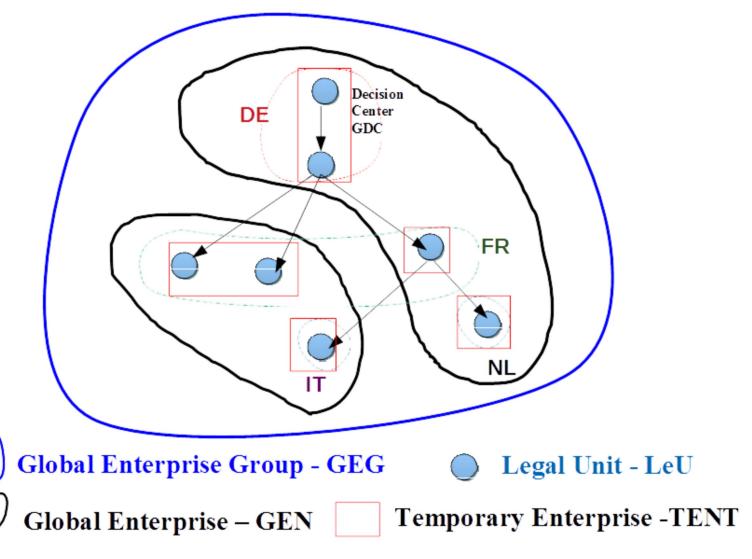
European solution: The European Group Register

➤ A better global view of MNEs





European solution: European Profiling and Units





Conclusion

- 1 To have more relevant information about globalisation:
 - NSOs must use different units of interest (enterprises, groups, legal units, local units...)
 - SBRs must store information about different kinds of units and their links
 - NSOs must develop process to delineate and collect information on Enterprise units (Profiling) by using information on Groups
 - Especially on Large Cases (Profiling by Face to Face)
 - ... also on smaller Groups (Profiling by Algorithm)
 - Profiling is not only unit's perimeter delineation activity but also obtaining business information (Turnover, Employment...) on the new delineated units.
 - NSOs must change of unit of interest: Enterprise vs Legal unit
 - Study unit (Enterprise) ≠ Reporting unit (legal Unit)
 - BR is the backbone of the system
- 2 The European solution:
 - EGR and European Profiling and Units



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Thanks for your attention!

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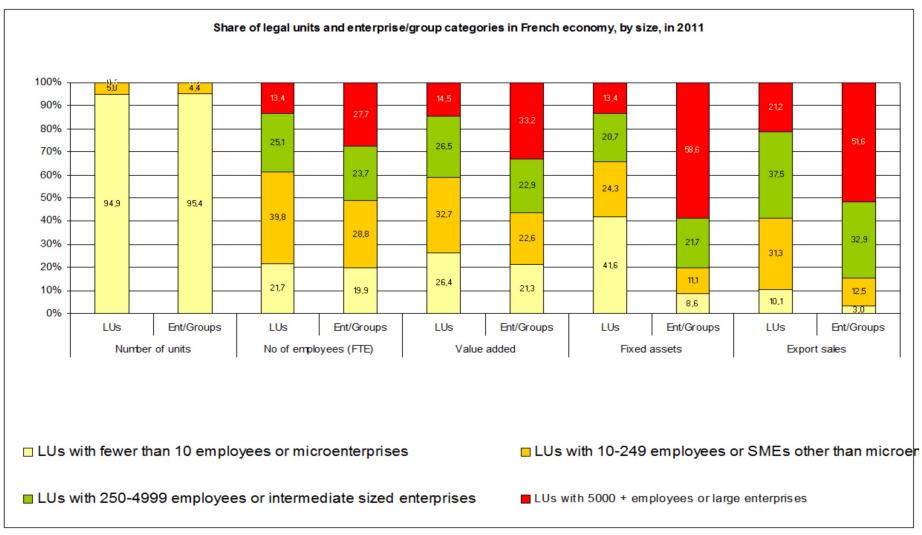




Informations statistiques:
www.insee.fr / Contacter l'Insee
09 72 72 4000
(coût d'un appel local)
du lundi au vendredi de 9h00 à 17h00



Why is profiling essential?



The legal units are not sufficient today to provide good quality business statistics: profiling is necessary



